

Udhiyah

1. What is Udhiyah (أضحية)?

"Udhiyah" is the Arabic word for 'Qurbani'. Muslims sacrifice an animal on Eid ul Adha to remember the sacrifice made by Ibrahim عليه السلام and Ismail عليه السلام.

2. Who is Udhiyah Wajib on?

Udhiyah is Wajib on that Muslim (adult) who has wealth equal to Nisaab (approximately £500, but subject to change).

3. On what days can Udhiyah be carried out?

Udhiyah can be carried out from after Eid Salaah on 10th Dhul Hijjah, until sunset of 12th Dhul Hijjah (more than 2 days).

4. Which animals can be used in Udhiyah?

Numerous animals can be used for Udhiyah. However, the animal used must be of a certain age. The age depends on the animal used. Smaller animals must be sacrificed for one person only. Bigger animals can be shared by up to 7 people.

This table highlights the different types of animals and rules regarding each:

	Animal	Minimum Age	Shares allowed
1	Goat & Sheep	1 year	1 person per animal
2	Cow & Buffalo	2 years	7 people per animal
3	Camel	5 years	7 people per animal

It is important to note that the animal selected for Udhiyah is healthy and free from all physical defects such as:

1. Blindness.
2. Cut off ears and tails, broken horns and no teeth.
3. Sickness and old age.

5. What should a person do with the meat?

It is preferable to divide the meat of the Udhiyah into three parts as follows:

1. One part for yourself and your family.
2. Distribute one part to friends, relatives, neighbours etc.
3. Distribute one part amongst the poor.

However, the above is not necessary. A person can decide himself how to distribute the meat. It can also be given to Non-Muslims. At the least, we should send some to our neighbours.

6. Where should the Udhiyah be carried out?

The Udhiyah can either be done in your own town or anywhere else a person wishes to, including abroad.

Many Muslims in the UK perform their Udhiyah abroad in countries like India and Kenya. Some of our Muslims brothers in these parts of the world are extremely poor. Thus, by arranging for our Udhiyah to be done in these countries, it means that our poor Muslim brothers and sisters are able to enjoy the benefits and blessings of Eid ul Adha and Udhiyah.

Exercise

Answer the following questions.

1. What do Muslims remember on Eid ul Adha?

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2. Why should we try and delay eating on Eid ul Adha until after Eid Salaah?

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3. A special activity called "Udhiya" occurs on Eid ul Adha. What does this mean?

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4. Who is Udhiyah Wajib on?

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.....

5. Fill in the table below showing the rules regarding each animal.

	Animal	Minimum Age	Shares allowed
1	Goat & Sheep		
2	Cow & Buffalo		
3	Camel		

Madrasa Tajweedul Quran

True or False? Place a tick in the correct column.

		True	False
1	Udhiyah is Wajib on a Muslim adult who has wealth equal to Nisaab.		
2	Udhiyah can be carried out throughout the month of Dhul Hijjah.		
3	It is Wajib that one part of meat is distributed amongst the poor.		
4	Another name for Udhiyah is Qurbani.		
5	It is Haraam to give Udhiyah meat to Non - Muslims.		
6	Udhiyah can be carried out anywhere a person wishes.		
7	Udhiyah is Wajib on a Muslim child who has wealth equal to Nisaab.		

Dhul Hijjah

1. The 12th Islamic month is Dhul Hijjah.
2. After this month is the month of Muharram.
3. The month of Muharram is the 1st Islamic month of the year.
4. The 9th day of Dhul Hijjah is known as the "Day of Arafah". This is because the people doing Hajj go to a place called Arafah (outside Makkah).
5. Eid-ul-Adha is on the 10th day of Dhul-Hijjah.
6. The first ten days of Dhul Hijjah are full of great rewards (Thawaab).
7. "Good actions are more pleasing to Allah in these ten than in any other day". From this we learn that we should do as many good things as possible in these ten days.
8. For every fast kept in these days (except for 10th Dhul Hijjah), there is a reward of fasting for one year.
9. To fast on the ninth day of Dhul Hijjah (the day before Eid) carries even more reward. The minor sins of the past year and the coming year are forgiven!

Takbeer e Tashreeq

It is Wajib to read this Dua after every Fardh Salaah from after Fajr Salaah on the 9th day of Dhul Hijjah (Day of Arafat) to the 13th day of Dhul Hijjah (up to and including Asr Salaah); A total of 23 Salaah (24 including Eid Salaah).

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ وَاللَّهُ أَحْمَدُ

Memorise this and do not forget to read it!

Eid ul Adha

1. Muslims have two Eids.
2. The first Eid is on 1st Shawwal, immediately after Ramadhan. It is called Eid ul Fitr.
3. The second Eid is on 10th Dhul Hijjah.
4. The second Eid is called Eid-ul-Adha.

"Eid ul Adha" literally means "the celebration of sacrificing". On this Eid we remember the sacrifice made by Ibrahim عليه السلام and Ismail عليه السلام.

Go over the story with your teacher.

Eid ul Adha is celebrated on 10th Dhul Hijjah.

Eid day Sunnats:

1. To wake up early, have a bath and use scent (Itr or perfume).
2. Clean the teeth with Miswaak.
3. To put on your best clothes. It is not important to have new clothes, and we must not bother our parents for new clothes.
4. To go for Eid Salaah early and not to eat anything before the Eid Salaah.
5. To recite "Takbeer-e-Tashreeq" aloud whilst going for Eid Salaah. However we must not disturb others by reciting it too loudly.
6. To return home using a different route after Eid Salaah.
7. The first thing to eat is Qurbani meat after Eid Salah (before eating anything else).
8. To look and be happy.

True or False?

- Write True or False.

	Question	True or False
1	Masjid e Aqsa is the first House to be built on Earth.	
2	Adam (A.S) first built the Ka'bah.	
3	The Ka'bah was destroyed by the floods.	
4	Musa (A.S.) and Eesa (A.S.) rebuilt the Ka'bah.	
5	Ismail (A.S.) was told to sacrifice Ishaq (A.S.).	
6	Ismail (A.S.) was told to sacrifice Ibrahim (A.S.).	
7	Ibrahim (A.S.) was told to sacrifice Ismail (A.S.).	
8	Ibrahim (A.S.) was told to sacrifice Ismail (A.S.) in a dream.	
9	Takbeer e Tashreeq is recited for 23 Salaah in total.	
10	Ibrahim (A.S.)'s father was a Prophet.	
11	There are many acts in Hajj that relate to Ibrahim (A.S.) and his son.	
12	The knife did not work on Ismail (A.S.).	
13	Allah sent an animal from Makkah to be sacrificed in place of Ismail (A.S.).	
14	Allah sent a camel to be sacrificed.	
15	'Khaleel' is the title given to Ismail (A.S.).	
16	The well of Zamzam came into existence from the searching of Hajrah (A.S.) for water.	
17	Hajrah (A.S.) ran between two mountains looking for water.	
18	Hajrah (A.S.) dug her heels in the ground and out came Zamzam!	
19	The names of the two sons of Ibrahim (A.S.) are Safa and Marwah.	
20	To read Takbeer e Tashreeq after Salaah is Mustahab.	

Fill in the blanks

1. We are in the month of D.....
2. The month before this is D Q.....
3. The month after this is M.....
4. The first days of this month are very blessed.
5. We should try to f..... in the first nine days of this month.
6. F..... in the first nine days of this month carries great r.....d.
7. To fast on the t..... day of this month is Haraam as it is the day of E.....
8. Eid ul..... is on the t..... day of this month.
9. We make Q..... at the time of Eid ul..... The Arabic word for this is
10. Hajj starts on the E.....day of this month.
11. In Surah F..... the ten nights of this blessed month are mentioned.
12. Udh-hiyah is made of S....., C....., c..... and g.....
13. Takbeer e Tashreeq is recited from after F..... on 9th day Dhul Hijjah to 13th Dhul Hijjah up to and including A..... Salaah.

Competition: The best overall 3 in each class will get a prize!