

Section A

Answer the following questions.

1. The First Kalimah is translated as:

.....

2. The Angel in charge of death is .....

3. The Big books of Allah are called *Kitabs*, whilst the small ones are called

.....

4. The Quran was revealed over a period of .....

5. Yaum-ul-Jazaa is known as the day of .....

6. The one who associates partners with Allah is known as .....

7. Tayammum is permitted when water is not available within a radius of .....  
Kilometers.

8. The beginning time of Fajr is ..... and the end time is

.....

9. The two types of Najaasat are *Haqeeqi* and .....

10 .The highest ranking Sahabi is Hazrat ..... (RA).

11 The meaning of *Mustahab* is..... and the meaning of *Makrooh* is

.....

12. *Niyah* is not compulsory in *Wudhu* and *Ghusl*. Which other act of cleanliness is *Niyah* compulsory in? .....

13. Cleanliness of the ....., ..... and ..... are the conditions of Salaah.
14. Salaah performed within the time is called .....and after time is called .....
15. Musafir will not make Qasr of ..... and ..... Salaah.
16. Khutbah will be delivered before ..... Salaah.
17. There is no ..... and Iqamah for ..... Salaah.
18. There are ..... places of *Sajdah-e-Tilaawat* in the Quran

Total 36 marks - 2 marks per question.

Section B

Answer the following questions.

1. What are the names of the four famous angels and what duties do they carry out? (4)

	Name of Angel	Duty of Angel
1		
2		
3		
4		

2. Who is a Sahabi and can anyone be a Sahabi today? (1)

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3. Explain the difference between a *Nabi* and a *Rasool*. (1)

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4. Write the names of the four highest ranking Sahabah in order. (2)

- 1. ....
- 2. ....
- 3. ....
- 4. ....

5. Mention any 3 *major* signs of Qiyamah. (3)

1. ....
2. ....
3. ....

6. Why are we allowed tissue paper for Istinja, but not normal paper? (2)

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7. Mention 3 places where Istinja is forbidden. (3)

1. ....
2. ....
3. ....

8. State the 13 Sunnats of Wudhu. (7)

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9. Write the 3 Fardh of Ghusl.

(3)

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10. Give 3 reasons when Tayammum is permissible.

(3)

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11. What is the literal **and** Islamic meaning of Azaan?

(1)

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12. What is *Ijaabat* and what is the ruling for that?

(2)

.....

.....

13. Explain the method (order) of the third Rak'aat of Witr Salaah.

(3)

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14. Explain in detail the beginning and end time of Esha Salaah and when is it *Mustahab* to perform it? (2)

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15. Mention 3 things which are not allowed during Khutbah. (3)

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### Section C

1. True or False? Tick the correct answer. (13)

		True	False
1	Wudhu is not allowed from water extracted from fruit and trees.		
2	Esa (A.S) was given the old Testament and 20 Sahifas were given to Idrees (A.S).		
3	All Rasools were Nabis but all Nabis were not Rasools.		
4	Allah's knowledge of good and bad is called Ijabaat.		
5	Yaum-ul-Hashr is the day of resurrection.		
6	Najaasate Hukmi is the type of Najaasat which can be seen.		
7	Blood is Najaasate Galeezah.		
8	The beginning time of Asr is the end time of Zohr.		
9	Eid prayers have 8 additional Takbeers.		
10	Masbooq is the person who joins the Imam anytime after the 1 <sup>st</sup> Rukoo.		
11	A Musaafir behind a Mugeem Imam should do Qasr.		
12	Khutbah for Eid Salaah will be delivered after the Salaah.		
13	Masah is to pass wet fingers through the beard.		

2. Complete the Salaah chart below. (11)

	Sunnah	Fardh	Sunnah	Nafl	Witr	Nafl	Total Rakaats
<b>Fajr</b>							
<b>Zohar</b>							
<b>Asr</b>							
<b>Maghrib</b>							
<b>Esha</b>							